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The Daily and Weekly Commercial—NEWSPAPER DECISIONS. 1. Any one who takes a paper regularly from the Postoffice, whether directed to his name or another's, or whether it has subscribed or not, is responsible for the payments.

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REPUBLICAN MEETINGS.

Appointments for Western Pennsylvania.

At Lewisburg, Union county, September 28; Hon. R. R. Carnahan.

At Warren, Warren county, September 30; Hon. R. R. Carnahan.

At Sugar Grove, Warren county, October 1; Hon. R. R. Carnahan.

At Mercer, Mercer county, October 3; Hon. R. R. Carnahan.

FIRST EDITION.

CURTIN AT HOME.

What His Townsmen Say.

"Our Great War Governor Has Sold Himself to the Enemy."

His Influence in Centre County Simply Nothing.

Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Commercial.

BELLEFONTE, September 25, 1872.

A Republican mass meeting was held in Centre county on Tuesday evening last, September 24. Four hundred wide awakes paraded the streets. Gens. R. E. Carr and Lemuel Todd were the speakers. The news of Curtin's acceptance of the Liberal nomination and his declaration for Buckalew was received as General Todd was closing his address. When the speaker concluded, Colonel W. W. Brown, editor of the Bellefonte *Republican*, a prominent politician and popular stump orator, was loudly called for. Being importuned to refer to Curtin's course, he said:

"I am proud to see so many of Centre county's voters here to-day; here where we twice met to ratify the nomination of our own fellow-townsman for Governor of this great Commonwealth. Here we met and fraternized and worked for his success. Here we celebrated the victory of our party in his election, the party that always stood by him and *made him what he is*, the party that gave him wealth and position. But I am here to say to-day that Andrew Gregg Curtin, our Andy, our boy o' oh's friend's, our townsman, our great war Governor, his self has proved to the enemy, has nullified the principles he was once so proud to declare, has severed the ties of a life-long friendship, and has gone begging to the mongrel party for office. Alexander McClure carries him in his breeches pocket. And I say here, but I say it reluctantly and with tears in my eyes, that the time honored Andrew G. Curtin has damned, yes *doubly damned*, the honorable record which the Republican party gave him! [Applause.] Let the memory of him who has thus betrayed and basely insulted the party that gave him place and power be hereafter and forever damned, *damned*, DAMNED!' [Immense and prolonged applause.] Col. Brown seemed to express the sentiments of every Republican in the audience. Curtin's relatives and friends, and not one of the name will vote with him. His influence in this county is simply nothing.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Sir Alexander Cockburn Condemned.

LONDON, September 27.—The Lord Chancellor of the Exchequer, in his speech in Glasgow last night, severely condemned Sir Alexander Cockburn in not signing the award for damages in the Alabama claims, and for publishing the argument, which up to up the question and renews all the ill feeling. He insisted that it is the duty of England to accept the award loyally.

The Award of the Geneva Arbitration—Congratulation and Criticism.

LONDON, September 27.—It is reported that Lord John Russell is preparing a review of the proceedings and award of the Geneva Board of Arbitration.

The chambers of commerce in several leading cities of England have adopted resolves congratulating Her Majesty's government on the happy termination of the Alabama arbitration, and copies of the resolves have been forwarded to the United States.

Right Hon. Mr. Forster, in his address to his constituents at Bradford, to-night, said the object of the Geneva Tribunal was not more to try to prevent war than to preserve friendship between England and America. Such friendship could not exist before the settlement of the Alabama claims. The state of the feeling was such that I might at any moment have caused war. For however one sides was necessary to bring the dispute to settlement through the slow process of negotiation. *By forbearance* and good tact of the kind exercised in conciliation, he said, the decision of the Geneva tribunal, to award us three million pounds, had given her peace, and given both countries new facilities for friendship and intercourse, besides establishing a precedent that cannot fail to be beneficial to all nations.

LONDON, September 27.—Mr. Lowe, in his speech at Glasgow to-night on the Geneva awards, expressed the opinion that it was unnecessary and unusual for arbitrators to give their reasons for their decisions. The arbitrators had no power to lay down principles of international law. The Tribunal was not constituted for that purpose. He did not believe England was bound by the principles which guided the arbitrators. He thought the necessity for ratification by the Senate of the United States of every treaty was a good one, for war was a serious thing, and preparing differently, but coped England would enter upon a new era of friendly intercourse with America, and in which jealousies and animosities would disappear and the two nations would continue the honorable work of the world extending the interests of civilization and peace.

Miscellaneous Dispatches.

LONDON, September 27.—Mr. Davis, agent of the United States before the Alabama claims tribunal, sailed from Liverpool for New York yesterday, in the steamship Oceanic.

There was a heavy gale yesterday in the British ports. Several vessels which left the Mersey for America ports were driven back.

PARIS, September 27.—M. Gambetta arrived at Grenoble yesterday. Although no preparations had been made to receive him, the citizens gathered in large numbers at the railway stations and greeted his appearance with enthusiastic cheers.

The flow of emigration from Metz since the occupation of that city by German troops has been so great that the population is now one-third what it was before the late war.

BERLIN, September 27.—The government has issued an order stopping the emoluments of the Bishop of Ermeland.

VIENNA, September 27.—The Archduke Albrecht, Field Marshal and Inspector General of the Austrian army, continues to improve and his complete recovery is looked for at an early day.

COPENHAGEN, September 27.—The elections for members of the Danish diet have resulted in the return of a majority against the present ministry.

BERLIN, September 27.—The Prussian *Cross Gazette*, Bismarck's organ, of yesterday, charges the Ultramontanists with the murder of Archbishop Darboy, and says he will replace Baron Von Magnus as Prussian representative at Hamburg.

The mourning of the Prussian court has been prolonged until the 8th of October on account of the death of Princess Hohenlohe, half sister of Queen Victoria.

HAVRE, September 27.—In the Chamber of Commerce, Minister of Finance, presented the budget for 1872 and 73. He estimated the receipts for the year at 2,828,576 francs, and expenditures at 2,639,471 francs.

PARIS, September 27.—Mr. Schurz to-day had an interview. He has received unsatisfactory advices from his new colonies on the Atlantic coast. Cases of fever among them are reported and threaten to return. Efforts to establish trade with the interior have not been successful.

The Chambers of Commerce of Bordeaux, Nantes and Marseilles have had an interview with the minister of the customs tariff, Count Von Arnim, German Ambassador to Paris, on the subject of the proposed revision of the customs tariff.

The Daily Commercial.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1872.

CAMPAIGN EXTRA.

HARTRANFT OR BUCKALEW.

READING FOR THE ISSUE.

The Campaign Extra COMMERCIAL of last week having been exhausted, another edition is now ready. It contains extensive additions of matter bearing directly on the State issue, carefully prepared, and which should be widely circulated.

Committees and others should send their orders promptly, as the edition is limited.

Price $1 75 per hundred.

CITY HALL TO-NIGHT.

There will be another Republican rally at City Hall to-night. Able addresses will be delivered by the Hon. GEORGE H. WILLIAMS, Attorney General of the United States, the Rev. H. THOMAS, and the Hon. H. BUCHER SWOOPE. These gentlemen are all speakers of marked ability, and the Hall will doubtless be crowded. Turn out Republicans! Rally once again!

GEORGE H. STUART ON GEN. HARTRANFT.

What Higher Testimony Could be Offered?

PHILADELPHIA, September 25, 1872.—*Editor Evening Bulletin:* I observe by the morning papers a call for a meeting of "Business Men" who are favorable to the election of Gen. Hartranft. I regret that I have not had the opportunity of signing it, and, if not too late, will be glad to have you add my name to the list.

After a thorough investigation of the case, I have been convinced that the charges against Gen. Hartranft are totally unfounded, and that it is the duty of every loyal citizen and friend of President Grant and his administration to support Gen. Hartranft for Governor of this State.

Yours, respectfully, GEO. H. STUART.

MONSTROUS LYING.

In another part of this paper is printed a statement of the German committee of whom Gen. HARTRANFT was the guest, embracing some of our leading German citizens, on the occasion of his recent visit to this city, in reply to a batch of monstrous lies printed in the *Evening Leader* of yesterday. Probably falsehoods more barefaced were never put in print. But the refutation is complete in all its parts. It would seem that falsehoods about Gen. HARTRANFT are to be limited only to the power of invention on the part of his enemies, quickened by the desperation to which they have been driven by the events of the canvass, and this is the view which the public will be disposed to take.

WHEN CURTIN declared for BUCKALEW he said he would meet the Presidential issue, when it came, according to "convictions." Not having been instructed by MCCLURE on that point, he was not certain. MCCLURE has since settled the matter by declaring on the stump in this State that he is going to have CURTIN come out for GREELEY. The ex-Governor will know what his "convictions" are by reading MCCLURE's speech.

"DOCTOR" PAINE, the same whom a Legislative committee pronounced unworthy of belief, and from which the charter of his so-called medical university in Philadelphia was taken last winter for dealing in Bogus Diplomas, and one of EVANS's bondsmen, is in town with his "awful revelations." He has shown them so often that by this time at least one person ought to be found who believes them; but at the latest dates such was not the case. The "Doctor" had better luck peddling Bogus Diplomas at prices ranging from $5 to $50.

IT is well known that DR. WOOLSEY, late President of Yale College, who was much interested in the reform movement, which ended in the Cincinnati swindle, not only declares his purpose to vote for General GRANT, but expresses himself very strongly as to the utter unfitness of GREELEY for the office to which he aspires. Dr. WOOLSEY enjoys a European reputation on account of his writings on international law, as well as on philological subjects, and he has always been a student of politics in the most elevated sense of the word. Of the many other scholars in the country devoted to similar pursuits, and who are at the same time not professional politicians, it is safe to say that few, if any, will vote for HORACE GREELEY.

ALEX. MCCLURE makes no secret of his opinion that the October election in Pennsylvania will decide the Presidential contest. On this view he bases his arguments when speaking before GREELEY and BUCKALEW meetings. He openly claims that while, if the State should go Republican on 8th of October, it would decide the Presidential issue against GREELEY, yet if BUCKALEW should be elected GRANT would be certain to be defeated a month later. Such is the substance of MCCLURE's remarks at a recent interview between himself and a correspondent of the New York *Herald*, as reported in that paper. That is to say, a vote against HARTRANFT is a vote against GRANT, and the Confederates expect to accomplish the overthrow of the Republican party of the nation by means of a few miserable local dissensions among the people of Pennsylvania. Shall this calamity come to pass?

NONE of the effects which MCCLURE expected when he played CURTIN as his last card have been realized; and nothing but disappointment is likely to be the result of their scheme of great expectations. MCCLURE, we believe, rates as an experienced, though an indifferent and sometimes desperate, gambler. He held back CURTIN as his highest trump, congratulating himself that he was playing as clever a game as any "heathen Chinee" ever dreamed of. But he overreached himself. He played his trump at the wrong time, having waited too long. It did not win. In other words, CURTIN's treachery is wholly without effect, except as it recoils on himself and stimulates to increased action Republicans against whom he has turned. The letter printed elsewhere from Bellefonte narrates how his course is regarded there. We have yet to hear of a single Republican changing with him. Everywhere he is regarded as the victim of MCCLURE and his own want of firmness and fidelity to his convictions.

NO SINGLE FACT in the present Presidential canvass more strikingly exhibits the power of partisan feeling to blind the understanding, or the power of petty resentments to reconcile even sensible men to their own inconsistency, than the fact that tariff men, even Pennsylvania tariff men of some little note, are found in the ranks of the Liberal party. The composition of the party may be correctly described as ninety-five per cent. Democrats and five per cent. reforming Republicans. That the Democrats are generally free traders is a fact known to every school boy. True, in Pennsylvania, where the avowal of free trade opinions has heretofore been fatal to political success, Democrats have often pretended not only that they but that their party favored a protective tariff. The pretense, however, has been commonly thought too barefaced for use in any except the most ignorant sections of the State, and has probably never produced much effect in any other. Then in reference to the Liberal Republican supporters of GREELEY, it is childish to deny or to doubt that they are, almost to a man, free traders. Free trade was one and even the most important of the principles upon which the originators of the Liberal movement seceded from the Republican party. GREELEY himself saw this, and fully understood the meaning of the fact when he denounced the SCHURZ-BROWN movement in Missouri, as designed from the first to overthrow the protective policy. Colonel GROSVENOR, for many years agent of the British Free Trade League, and author of one of the ablest books against protection, declared, last June, in the New York *Tribune*, that "the free traders must first of all gain the South, for without the South they cannot triumph." CARL SCHURZ months ago said, and often repeats, that "however singular it may appear that the prospects of free trade are to be promoted through a movement at the head of which stands a well-known tariff man (GREELEY), yet everybody knows that this is really the case; and is it not conceded by those who are filling their own pockets by means of the high tariff? Let the free traders be wise, and learn from their enemies."

Indeed, there is no room for doubt or question that the Liberal party, to a great extent, rests upon a free traders' conspiracy as its foundation. The word conspiracy is precisely the right term to designate the combination which culminated in the indorsement of GREELEY by the "bottomless" Democrats at Baltimore. When the men who met in Cincinnati talked about reform they meant nothing but free trade, and many of them were so possessed and dominated by this idea, and with the purpose to see it realized, that, in despite of their often expressed contempt for GREELEY, they were willing to follow the lead of the New York intriguants and accept him as their Presidential candidate, if they could thus secure the prostration of the protective policy. Tariff men who co-operate with them, led away either by the childish cry of amnesty or by the desire to gratify old feuds or private grievances, are guilty of an incredible degree of self-stultification.

THE GREELEY ORATOR FOR TO-NIGHT.

One of the most remarkable features of the present campaign is the sudden and extraordinary affection disclosed by HORACE GREELEY *for the life-long enemies of all the principles which*, according to his own testimony, lie at the very foundation of good government—and the no less startling fondness and friendship which these, in turn, exhibit toward him. It is probable that so surprising an exhibition of mutual deception and hypocrisy, for mutual gain and advantage, was never witnessed before. For example: Ex-Senator James DOOLITTLE, of Wisconsin, who is to address the citizens of Allegheny county in behalf of GREELEY and BUCKALEW to-night, is the same man of whom the *Tribune* not long ago declared that he only joined the Republican party when he saw that he could utilize it for the furtherance of his ambition, and only left it when it ceased to be of service to him. Here is what Mr. GREELEY last year said respecting this zealous champion of GREELEY and BUCKALEW—DOOLITTLE then having just received the Democratic nomination for Governor of Wisconsin:

"Mr. James R. Doolittle has lost the little dignity he retained after his involuntary apostasy from the Republican party. As long as he held himself aloof from the scenes of his old contest, bearing impartial testimony against the wickedness of both sides, we found him a trifle dull, but perfectly respectable. His isolation gave him a sort of style—like St. Simeon's on his pillar—equal to him in integrity and uselessness. But he has sunk into a mere office seeker at last, and accepted a grudging nomination with a platform as shuffling and hesitating as himself. He will be easily beaten and comfortably forgotten before he is called upon to digest his Thanksgiving turkey."

The *Tribune* was prophetic. DOOLITTLE was beaten and forgotten, even more easily and comfortably than that paper anticipated. He is now the chief itinerant moral platitudinist of the GREELEY combination, and if he did not stand convicted of selling—and then in the most hypocritical manner in the world, attempting to conceal the fact—his official influence as a Senator of the United States, for one-fourth of the proceeds of a cotton speculation, it is quite possible that his sentiments on the subject of politics generally might deceive some into believing that the man was really earnest and sincere. As it is, the publication of the CONARTY letters are to him what the overturning of the parlor screen was to JOSEPH SURFACE. And yet, cornered and unmasked as he is, how beautifully he will talk!

REACTION IN FAVOR OF HARTRANFT.

The letter of GEORGE H. STUART, indorsing General HARTRANFT and pronouncing, on "thorough investigation," the charges against him "totally unfounded," taken in connection with the general movement of the solid business men of Philadelphia in his behalf, is proof of the reaction in his favor that has set in all over the State. The crusade against General HARTRANFT has taken the form of malicious persecution, promoted principally by such notorious characters as MCCLURE, FORNEY and CURTIN. It is natural that good men should revolt at it, and as one man move in his favor. The feeling which animates the business men of Philadelphia is destined to spread throughout the State down to the closing of the polls. Meetings should be everywhere held responsive to the Philadelphia movement. It is only by crushing Gen. HARTRANFT that the bold bad men surrounding GREELEY can hope to succeed, and to do it they will stop at nothing. Mr. STUART, like thousands of others, has become convinced of the enormity of the calumnies set afloat against our candidate. No man is better known for uprightness and independence. Nothing but a clear knowledge and a high sense of duty could have induced him to present himself so conspicuously before the public to testify in Gen. HARTRANFT's behalf, and his testimony, not less than that of the solid men of Philadelphia, will be received as conclusive throughout the State.

MR. GREELEY'S GROUND OF HOPE—PENNSYLVANIA REPUBLICANS, WHAT SAY YOU?

HORACE GREELEY, addressing himself to Democrats, concluded his speech in Sunbury, on Thursday, with the following words:

"I believe that when the wires flash into New York on the night of October the result of your election you will cast no cloud upon the face of Liberals of our great city, but they shall rejoice with you in their confident trust that the eighth of October has settled the fight on the election, and that November will only re-echo and reverberate your triumph."

Republicans of Pennsylvania, what say you to this bold challenge? Shall Mr. GREELEY be gratified or disappointed?

REFERRING to GREELEY's electioneering tours, first in New England and then on the "broad and slippery grounds of the West," the Illinois *Staatszeitung* recalls the adventures of former Presidential candidates in the same field. If either WASHINGTON or JEFFERSON or MADISON, or any one of the men chosen to the high office of President in the early days of the Republic, could have so far looked into the future as to foresee a President candidate directly or in proper person soliciting votes, he would undoubtedly have been filled with disgust for the candidate and with concern for the prospects of the people. In fact, good taste and good sense, reinforced by the wholesome prejudices of the people, sufficed until a recent period to prevent Presidential candidates from taking a step the proper effect of which was to increase the excitement and tumult of the canvass, and to pave the way for abuses of the most dangerous description. Gen. SCOTT in 1852, Senator DOUGLAS in 1860, HORATIO SEYMOUR in 1868, and HORACE GREELEY in 1872, are believed by the *Zeitung* to be the only candidates who have thus far disregarded the general rule which forbids a Presidential aspirant to take an active part in the contest preliminary to an election. And in no one of these instances has the result been such as to encourage imitation of the unworthy example. Gen. SCOTT, paying a visit of inspection to a military construction of some kind in Kentucky, extended his tour somewhat, with the view of stretching himself and talking to the people, greatly injuring, by his speeches, his already unfavorable chances. Mr. SEYMOUR, when a candidate in 1868, remained silent until the results of the September and October elections made his defeat seem certain, and the mere fact that he then entered on a tour of solicitation had a very discouraging influence on his adherents. DOUGLAS, on his electioneering journey in the South, deceived neither himself nor his hearers as to his prospects; boldly declaring that in consequence of the split in the Democratic party, he knew, would be defeated, and he also warned his Southern hearers that "they must either submit to the constitutionally elected President or deserve the halter." GREELEY is the first candidate in our history who thrust himself forward as his own advocate on the rostrum from the beginning of the campaign, and a poorer figure than he has made it would be difficult to conceive. Under the mask of a friendly guest, or under the shallow pretense of fulfilling engagements to lecture made long beforehand, he traveled through New England, with the result of procuring a larger majority for the Republicans in Maine and Vermont at the September elections than they would had for ten years. After this fiasco it would have been plain to any other man in the position of GREELEY that silence would be best for him, or at any rate less injurious than speech. But upon a man so vain and so fond of talking as GREELEY this idea could make no impression, and he again set out in the opposite direction to try his fortune as a solicitor of votes. The Democracy have powerful lungs, and he does not fail to meet with a noisy, tumultuous reception wherever he goes; among thinking people, however, who have some appreciation of what the character and bearing of a Presidential candidate ought to be, the entire progress is regarded with feelings of mingled amusement and compassion. "The stump speeches of DOUGLAS, when a candidate," says the *Zeitung*, in conclusion, "were the roar of the dying lion; SCOTT on his stumping tour appeared as a lion in an ass's skin: our good, brave GREELEY presents himself one day as a wolf in sheep's clothing, and the next day as a sheep in the garments of a wolf."

A YOUNG woman from Tidioute, Pa., went to Chicago a few days ago, in search of a young man who had trifled with her affections and her purse. The end of a fleeting romance was found, and he soon brought the wronger and the wronged face to face. The young man was contrite, restoring on the spot $250 of the money he had taken from the woman, and agreeing to marry her. A Catholic clergyman was called upon, who set all straight by marrying the pair.

MINING affairs in this region, says the Marquette *Journal*, seem to be increasing in activity every day, and as the season advances, more and more demands are made for ore; and notwithstanding the many new mines which have been opened are adding materially to the supply, the demand increases or proportionately stronger. During the season up to and including the 15th inst., 287,853 gross tons of iron ore and 23,490 tons of pig iron were shipped from the port of Marquette.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

Laborers are needed in all departments of industry in Nova Scotia, and there is serious talk of importing Chinese. Servants cannot be had at any price, the United States absorbing all the domestics, and families are reduced to all sorts of straits to get the family dinner cooked.

The workingmen of Italy, having more good sense and moderation than their fellow-laborers in some other countries, are not in favor of strikes. They say peaceably to the authorities when they have any grievances, state their case calmly, and appeal for relief, which is generally granted.

The European monarchs are generally fond of horses, and good ones, too. Queen Victoria's horses are valued at $50,000, King William's at $65,000, Francis Joseph's at $140,000, Victor Emanuel's at $120,000, Czar Alexander's at $85,000, Leopold's of Belgium at $80,000, and the Sultan's at $500,000.

Mr. Lew. C. Bolton, a Des Moines printer, claims to have invented a type-setting machine which will cost not over $100 and will set any kind of type, in any width of column, at the rate of 5,000 ems per hour.

Portions of Kentucky are suffering greatly from drought. Water for the stock has to be hauled a distance of three or four miles. The grass has not grown since it was first eaten down in the spring, and a drove of cattle passing through a pasture will raise a dust just as if traveling a Macadam road. There has not been a good rain for months.

A Grand Rapids manufacturing firm obtains its motive power from a water wheel a quarter of a mile distant, by means of half a mile of cable wire stretched on pulleys across the Grand river.

It has been snowing along the Union Pacific Road at Cheyenne and westward since Monday.

According to Dr. Otto Huebner's "Statistics of all the Countries in the World," there are fifty-nine countries sufficiently far advanced in civilization to be made the subjects of statistical reports. Alpha, betically, the first of these is Abyssinia, and the last Zanzibar.

As a measure intended for the repression of emigration to America, the Prussian government has enjoined school masters generally, who have been to a great extent employed as sub-agents, to report every offer of subagenciess, or of commissions to be paid for securing emigrants, immediately to the police authorities in their district.

A school has been established in London, England, where the blind are trained to support themselves as tuners, teachers of music, and organists. In Paris, piano tuning has long been considered the best business which the blind can follow. About thirty per cent. of the male pupils obtain their diplomas as tuners, and these average about $500 a year—quite a respectable income in France.

The recent insurance convention at Chicago failed to arrive at any satisfactory results so far as relates to the main object of establishing a general and uniform schedule of fire risks. It was found that it was impossible to subordinate individual competition, and that the relations between insurers and the insured must, for the present at least, remain a purely business transaction between the parties more directly concerned.

According to the *Food Journal* the great national vegetable of the Chinese is the white cabbage of Sinatung, which is grown all over the northern part of the empire. It is eaten raw as salad, and said to be equal to the best lettuce, or boiled, in which condition the flavor reminds one of the finest asparagus. It is both hardy and prolific, surviving the severe winters of the North. Specimens are occasionally met with weighing as much as twenty pounds.

The Grand Trunk Railway of Canada loses a very large number of trains every winter, through fracture, attributed to the severity of the cold to which the line is exposed. A portion of the road has been laid with steel, and on this the proportion ate loss due to the same cause is much smaller than on the iron track.

So far as auditors' returns for the several prominent hog growing States of the West have been obtained, they reveal a large increase in the hog crop of 1872 over the crop of 1871, and packers who have taken recent pains to be informed feel sure that the crop of hogs suitable for cutting the coming season will exceed by 25 or 30 per cent. the number found suitable last season.

The immunity which California has enjoyed from the insect pests which have proved so destructive to fruit trees in the Atlantic States, has passed. The San Francisco Academy of Science earnestly recommends that California fruit growers should fight them while they are confined to a comparatively limited area, and before extermination is possible.

The leader of the Garde Republicaine band, proposes to issue a volume giving a full account of the trip of the French musicians to Calcago and some of the American villages.

Iowa ontologists are exercised over the discovery of a human foot in the center of a solid block of stone, which leads to the supposition that the frogs frequently found in similar situations may have belonged to the feet of an extinct species of horse.

The government of Chili has granted an American permission to put up, along the Bay of Valparaiso, an aerial railway upon wires affixed to posts at certain distances. It is to be put up without prejudice to the rights of third parties.

PERSONAL.

One of the Paris journals having recently announced that Gambetta's wash-hand basin was a broken one which had been mended by rivets, there have been seventeen jugs and wash-hand basins left at his door by unknown donors.

A couple rode up to the door of a magistrate in Mexico, Mo., last Sunday, called the man of law out and told him they wanted to be married. They refused to dismount, and the squire proceeded with the ceremony as they sat on horseback.

Lady Burdett Coutts recently gave a bishop, who was begging for funds to build a church, a blank check, and the modest ecclesiastic filled it up for $250,000.

A lady in Lexington, Ky., saw a tall, shadowy form standing in her bed-chamber the other night, with one arm upraised and pointing to the cradle in which her infant boy lay sleeping. With the other hand it wrote on the wall, in what seemed to be letters of fire, the figures 1900. Just then the child awoke and cried out with fright, and the specter vanished.

The New York papers are congratulating the people of that city that, in the place of the dishonest Barnard, they have got a good and honest judge in Mr. Enos L. Fancher. If Mr. Fancher is all that the journals say he is, it is to be hoped that he will prove to be the first of a long line of successors.

The queen of Spain is said to have been in a condition of extreme nervous excitement since the attempt to assassinate herself and the king. It is feared that her state threatens dementia.

Rumors are current that a famous Dutch violinist, Mr. Henri W. Koan, is coming to this country some time next year. His home is at Kampen, a walled town in Holland.

A Greelevite in an Ohio town claims the right to open his mouth at any time and any place. A few days ago there was a funeral in the Methodist church. While another Greeleyite was removing the lid of the coffin preparatory to viewing the remains, the bereaved husband Greeleyite arose, and with a trembling voice said, "There will be a Greeley and Brown meeting in the town hall Friday evening. All interested in reform are invited to be present."

Lord Shaftesbury, a very old man, and one universally respected for his unsullied life, in recently replying, on a public occasion, to a toast in honor of the House of Lords, repelled the assertion that this assembly was exclusive and aristocratic to the extent generally supposed. Of all the hereditary assemblies that ever existed, he believed, he said the House of Lords of Great Britain to be the least exclusive. There were but few persons of Norman descent in it, and its ranks were filled by persons from every profession—naval, military, civil, legal, clerical and mercantile.

Dr. Robert Pontz, the great German literary critic, and generally considered the most brilliant lecturer of his country, left his family, after a most laborious and economical life, the pittance of four dollars. His friends subscribed money enough to give him a decent burial.

Shakespeare was married at 18; Dante, Franklin, and Bulwer, at 24; Kepler, Mozart, and Walter Scott, at 26; Washington, Napoleon I., and Byron, at 27; Rossini, the first time, at 28, and the second time at 54; Schiller and Weber, at 31; Aristophanes, at 35; Wieland, at 37; Tasso, at 39; Luther, at 42; Addison, at 44; Young, at 47; Swift, at 49; Burton and Goethe, at 51.

Miss Emily Faithfull, who, moved by social motives, is soon to come to this country from England, is the daughter of Rev. Ferdinand Faithfull, and is now about thirty-seven years old. Early in life she devoted herself to the "cause of woman," and founded a typographical establishment in which all the printers were women, and which is now successfully at work under the title of the *Victoria Press*. Miss Faithfull being printer and publisher in ordinary to Her Majesty. In 1863 she started the *Victoria Magazine*, in advocacy of the right of women to work for their living.

One of the Reformers.

The records of the War Department have been a source of mortification to not a few of the men who have been perambulating the country, vilifying the President, shrieking "reform" and "purification of the government." "GOV." WILLIAM M. GROSVENOR, of Missouri is the latest victim. He was one of the fathers of the movement which culminated in the nomination of Greeley at Cincinnati. He has been stumping Indiana and Ohio for the Confederates, advocating free trade, and proposing to bring about civil service and other reforms by restoring to power the Democrats and their rebel allies. Col. W. D. Bickham, of the *Sunday Journal*, has resurrected an army order dated "Headquarters Department of the Gulf, New Orleans, May 28, 1864," and signed by Gen. Banks, promulgating the finding and sentence of a court-martial in the case of Col. Wm. M. Grosvenor, Second regiment of infantry, Corps of Observation, charged with "conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman." The charge was supported by specifications which the *Journal* characterizes as mild to any other condition. The finding of the court-martial was "guilty," and the sentence expulsion, in disgrace, from the army. In closing its article the *Journal* says: "It really does seem that when these precious reformers set themselves at work to purify the Republican party they build wiser than they knew. They carried with them out of the party a mass of disappointed, ambitious and headstrong men who had failed in the army or were disgraced in it, and political speculators like Trumbull, who, as United States senator, receiving $5,000 from the Government for his services, bled it to the tune of $10,000 for giving an opinion about law he himself had drafted as a Senator."

Fort Pillow's Bluff Banks Burning—A Subterranean Conflagration.

[From the Memphis (Tenn.) Avalanche, September 21.]

One of the strangest of phenomena of the times is reported to us from the site of old Fort Pillow, sixty miles above this city. It is by no more nor less than that the bluff bank of the river, which rises fifty or sixty feet above the water level, is on fire, and for the past several weeks has been steadily burning like a volcano for a number of square miles, hundred yards along the east side of the river on a line ten or twelve feet above the water's edge. At night a lurid flame or blaze of fire rises from the side of the bluff to a height of two or three feet, which then spreads into smoke and passes on over the summit of the hill, distributing itself with the atmosphere and floating away as vapor. The steamer Celeste, on her last trip, passed by the place in broad daylight, and at a time when a light wind blew from the shore, carrying the smoke inland towards the Arkansas shore and covering the river with a thick haze almost like fog. When the steamer passed the point it composes the river bluff of the old fort, or what first set it on fire, to burn after the fashion described, puzzled the people of the vicinity no little. We shall seek to be further informed upon this wonderful phenomena with no little curiosity.

IN A RECENT interview, the Circuit Attorney in St. Louis used the following language: "There is no denying the fact that this thing of hanging a man by the neck is about played out. The recognized superhuman exertions upon the part of a prosecutor to get a jury to declare in favor of hanging a man, and, when they do so declare, in nine cases out of ten Governors interfere and commute to imprisonment. And everybody knows, or ought to, that the efficiency of a criminal statute is in exact ratio with the certainty of its being enforced. And what is the use of having a law that cannot be enforced? Because capital punishment is the only punishment prescribed for murder in the first degree, some of the greatest criminals in the land go unpunished."

THE ST. AMBOAT INTEREST.

Doings of the National Convention of Steam Vessel Owners and Managers at Cleveland.

The telegraphic dispatches to the press gave but a meager outline of the proceedings of the National Convention of Steam Vessel Owners and Managers, which was in session in Cleveland on Tuesday and Wednesday. A National Board of Steam Vessel Owners and Managers was organized, with the following officers: President—Thomas Sherlock, of Ohio. Vice Presidents—J. T. Whiting, of Michigan; D. D. Smith, of New York. Recording Secretary—Gen. W. L. Jones, of Pennsylvania. Corresponding Secretary—B. S. Osborn, of New York. Treasurer—Z. M. Shirley, of Louisville. In this National Board each local association is to have one representative.

A resolution was adopted that fifteen members of this board, together with the board of directors, be a committee, with authority to take such measures as they may deem best to secure the passage of the bill amending the act of 1871 now pending in Congress, with such amendments thereto as in their judgment would add to their efficiency as a law for the better protection of life and property, and for the relief of owners of steam vessels from onerous, unequal and unjust exactions. Under this resolution the following committee was appointed: S. L. Fisher, of St. Louis, H. J. Phelps, of New Orleans, John Aiken, Jr., of Buffalo, J. B. Cowie, of Portland, C. W. Copeland, of New York, L. A. Pierce, of Cleveland, F. W. Neckerson, of Boston, Anning Smith, of New Jersey, J. E. Paine, of Erie, S. Horner, of Pittsburgh, E. F. Folger, of Baltimore, W. C. Smith, of Baltimore, J. A. Letcher, of Evansville, N. J. Bigley, of Pittsburgh, and R. H. Woodfack, of Louisville. Members of this committee were authorized to appoint substitutes, or local associations for them, when unable to serve. The President of the board was by resolution made permanent chairman of the committee.

An invitation was extended to all steamboat owners to join the association, either by forming local organizations or in their individual capacity.

A resolution was adopted requesting the secretaries of all local organizations to transmit to the corresponding secretary of this board lists of all the steam lines within their respective districts, and such other information as may enable the corresponding secretary to communicate with all steam lines in the United States.

The following preamble and resolution was offered and adopted.

WHEREAS, The Board of Supervising Inspectors has passed a resolution to the effect that the boat owners are not compelled to put on their boats steam registering gauges unless the inventor would guarantee them 10 one year; and whereas, those engaged in furnishing steamboats with necessary outfit and repairs have taken upon themselves to guarantee their fairness and offer their guarantees, thereby trying to force these inventions on boats where they themselves know they are worthless; therefore be it

Resolved, That we recommend that steamboat owners withhold their patronage from such firms.

It was resolved that the Executive Committee of this board prepare and promulgate an open letter to the press of the United States, in respectful terms, setting forth to the world our position, and publishing the efforts by us making in the direction of safety for life and property.

Also, that the Executive Committee of this board be directed to prepare an address to be submitted to the Secretary of the Treasury, setting forth fully and concisely the objectionable features of the present law, and requesting his co-operation to secure relief through immediate legislation.

The convention adjourned to meet in Philadelphia on the third Wednesday in September, 1873.

Half Alive.

It is a sad thing to pass through life only half alive. Yet there are thousands whose habitual condition is one of languor and debility. They complain of no specific disease; they suffer no positive pain, but they have no relish for anything which affords mental or sensuous pleasure to their more robust and energetic fellow-beings.

In nine cases out of ten this state of lassitude and torpor arises from a morbid stomach. Indigestion destroys the energy of both mind and body. When the waste of nature is not supplied by a due and regular assimilation of the food, every organ is starved, every function interrupted.

Now, what does common sense suggest under these circumstances of depression? The system needs reviving and strengthening, not merely for an hour or two, to sink afterwards into a more pitiable condition than ever (as it assuredly would do if an ordinary alcoholic stimulant were resorted to), but radically and permanently.

How is this desirable object to be accomplished? The answer to this question, founded on the unvarying experience of a quarter of a century is easily given. Infuse new vigor into the digestive organs by a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Do not waste time in administering temporary remedies, but wake the system up by recuperating the fountain-head of physical strength and energy, the great organ upon which all the other organs depend for their nurture and support.

By the time that a dozen doses of the great vegetable tonic and invigorant have been taken, the feeling fraught of the dyspeptic will begin to feel its benign influence. Appetite will be created, and with appetite the capacity to digest what it craves. Perseverance until the cure is complete—until the blood, fit to be the material of flesh and muscle, bone and nerve and brain, flows through the channels of circulation, instead of the watery parodium with which they have heretofore been imperfectly nourished.

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FIFTY CASES OF

PURE CHAMPAGNE WINE,

Of my own importation, received this day. This Wine is Guaranteed STRICTLY PURE, and will compare favorably with any brand in the Market, and sold much Cheaper.

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THE BEST SAUCE AND RELISH

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The Firm of P. SCHILDECKER & SON, Confectioners, &c., has been dissolved by the withdrawal of JOHN SCHILDECKER. The business will hereafter be conducted AT THE OLD STAND, No. 22 DIAMOND STREET, by

PETER SCHILDECKER.

Notice of Copartnership.

I have this day associated with me in the manufacture of WINDOW GLASS,

Robert J. Linton and William Loeffler.

The business will be conducted under the style of

ROBERT C. SCHMERTZ & CO.

ROBERT C. SCHMERTZ.

Pittsburgh, August 1, 1872.

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AND

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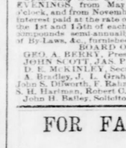

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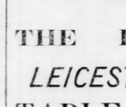

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George Morrison Coates,	Robert Bell,
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JOHN F. HARTRANFT

For Supreme Judge.
ULYSSES MERCUR.

For Auditor General.
HARRISON ALLEN.

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President Judge Fifth Judicial District.
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Black Dress Silks of the very best makes.
Plain Dress Silks in all the new Fall shades.
Fancy Silks in Stripes, Checks and Figures.
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Mount Oliver Inclined Plane Co.'s First Mortgage 8's at 90 and Interest.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad First Mortgage, Turtle Creek Division, 6's at 86 and Interest.

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IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,

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Corner Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FRIDAY EVENING, September 27, 1872.

We are in the midst of one of those periodical stringencies which seem to have become a sort of intermittent disease of our financial system. Considering that these periods rarely occurred under our State banking system, except in seasons of a special drain of gold to Europe, we are led to look for the chief cause of the evil in the National banking system. We cannot but think it a great misfortune in the framing of our National banking system that in the matter of reserve so little has been left to the discretion and judgment of bank officers. No one familiar with our financial affairs will for a moment imagine that it is necessary, for the protection of the note holders and depositors of the National banks, that the managers should be restrained by a law compelling them under penalty of a forfeiture of charter to hold at all times not less than twenty-five per cent. of their liabilities in lawful money; for there are periods in every year when a portion of the present large reserves could be employed with much more advantage to the public, and with more safety to the creditors of the banks, than by holding their funds idle in their vaults. Nothing more directly conduces to create a panic than the imposing of a limit beyond which the banks shall cease to meet the wants of borrowers. Just so soon as the limit is reached, the money market is in the control of speculators, and the banks, although abundantly able to defeat their schemes, are compelled to sit quietly and see these schemes carried out without being allowed to come to the rescue of the market. It is to be hoped that Congress may at an early day consider the propriety of remedying these faults in our National banking system.

—Messrs. Ira B. McVay & Co. report the following quotations of Government bonds in New York to-day, as furnished them by Jay Cooke & Co., their correspondents:

	Morning.	Noon.	Evening.
U. S. Bonds of 1881	115½	115⅝	115⅝
U. S. Bonds of 1862	114⅝	114⅝	114⅝
U. S. Bonds of 1864	114⅝	114⅝	114⅝
U. S. Bonds of 1865	114⅝	114⅝	114⅝
U. S. Bonds of 1865 (new)	113½	113½	113½
U. S. Bonds of 1867	113⅝	113⅝	113⅝
U. S. Bonds of 1868	113⅛	113⅛	113⅛
10-40s	108	107⅞	107⅞
New 5s	109½	109½	109½
Gold	113⅛	113⅛	113⅛
Currency 6s	112	112½	112½

—James T. Brady & Co., corner of Fourth avenue and Wood street, quote United States securities in New York to-day as follows:

Gold	113⅛
United States 6s of 1881	115⅛
United States 5-20s of 1862	114⅝
United States 5-20s of 1864	114⅝
United States 5-20s of 1865	114⅝
United States 5-20s of 1865, new	113⅝
United States 5-20s of 1867	113⅝
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1865	113⅝
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1867	113⅝
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1868	113⅛
Currency Pacifics	112

—Mail advices from Berlin September 6, state that the greater part of the last half million of the Franco-German indemnity had been paid as follows: In cash $7,580,000; in bills $80,000,000; total $87,580,000, leaving a balance of $12,200,000 to be still paid. The most significant fact of the above statement is the small proportion paid in gold and cash. The payments are to be made partly in Berlin and partly in Strasbourg. The payment of the present instalment will reduce the amount still due by France to the sum of $260,000,000, exclusive of interest.

—The following table shows the prices of railway stocks, gold, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day:

September 27, 1872.	10:20 A.M.	11:30 A.M.	12:30 P.M.	1:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Gold	113⅛	113⅛	113⅛	113⅛	113⅛
Canton	....	94	....	94	....
Western Union Tel.	....	68	....	67½	....
Quicksilver	....	41	....	41¼	....
Pacific Mail	25	25⅛	25	24	24⅛
Adams Ex.	92	92	92	92	92
Wells, Fargo Express	....	80	....	80½	....
American Ex.	....	57	....	57	....
United States Express	....	70½	....	70½	....
New York Central	95	95	95¼	95	95⅛
New York Central Scrip	....	87½	87½	87½	87½
Erie	47½	47½	47½	47½	47½
Reading	....	....	....	....	....
Michigan Central	....	111	....	110	....
Michigan Southern	....	88	....	87	87½
Illinois Central	....	....	....	....	....
Cleveland and Pittsburg	....	93	....	93	....
Chicago and Northwest	55	55	55	54½	54½
Rock Island	....	104½	....	104	....
St. Paul	54½	54½	54½	54	54
Do. preferred	69	69	69	68½	68½
Wabash	....	....	....	....	....
Fort Wayne	97½	97	96	95½	95½
Ohio and Mississippi	43½	43½	43½	43	43
Chicago and Alton	....	116	....	115	....
Do. preferred	....	....	....	....	....
Boston, Hartford & Erie	....	6½	....	6½	....
Panama	....	120	....	120	....
New Jersey Central	103½	103½	103½	103½	103½
Union Pacific	38½	38¾	38½	38½	38½

—Messrs. Bowen & Fox, brokers and members of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange, furnish the following quotations of the closing prices to-day of the most active stocks:

Penn'a Central	95⅜	Lehigh Valley R. R.	57
Phila. and Erie	25½	North Penna R. R.	44½
Lehigh Navigation	39⅛	United Cos's of N. J.	129⅜
Catawissa	45	Schuylkill Navigat'n	15¾
Oil Creek & Alley R.	39½	Reading	56¼

Comparative Cotton Statement.

New York, September 27, 1872.

Receipts at all ports for the week	66,436
Same time last year	57,139
For all for the year	160,310
Last year	150,202
Export for the week	15,228
Same time last year	16,229
Total for the year	47,000
Last year	51,000
Stock at all United States ports	43,556
Last year	50,000
At interior towns	30,554
Last year	16,611
At Liverpool	364,000
Last year	420,000
Stock of cotton afloat for Great Britain	7,000
Last year	56,000

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,
FRIDAY, September 27, 1872.

REMARKS—The market presents few new features, and there are no changes in prices really worthy of special mention.

Flour is held in fair supply both by mills and stores, and prices of good brands are firm and unchanged with no disposition on the part of holders to make concessions to effect sales. The market this week has been a very active one for the dealers, as there were more deals effected out of this market during the past ten days than there has been for the same length of time in the past three years. Country millers still continue to get the bulk of their supplies from this city, owing to the inferior quality of new wheat raised in this part of the State. There has been no change in prices, except spring wheat brands, which are made from all new wheat, and are of better quality than they have been for some time past. It is thought this grade will take the place of Ohio winters to a great extent, which will have a tend ney to weaken prices on both grades of winter. Minnesotas, made of old wheat, is in limited supply, and command full prices. Low grades are plenty and slow. High grades, including St. Louis and Southern Indiana, are in good demand, dealers finding it difficult to get enough to supply their trade.

Bacon and Provisions—The trade continues active, and prices are very firm. No change in meats will soon come upon the market, and it is said they have been cured with a special view to the wants of the market here.

Wheat rules firm and prices show no quotable changes. Country mill ers are stil l in the market making purchases in sufficient quantities to keep their mills "a grinding."

Corn, oats, rye and barley are somewhat dull sale, but a better day is hoped for by holders, which they predict is near at hand.

Cheese is in better request, though there is no change in prices, which are as reported below.

Groceries—There is said to be a dearth of sweets in the market. How to account for this state of things is a mystery which we have neither time nor inclination to investigate. It is also it imated that coffees will shortly advance. When that occurs we shall take a note of it.

Butter—The weather is becoming cooler, and good roll butter will soon put in an appearance, causing bucket and tub to take a back seat.

Eggs are in fair request, and prime fresh meet ready sales at quotations.

Apples are in good supply, choice cooking and eating finding ready sale at fair prices.

Below will be found the wholesale rates of this market unless otherwise noted:

APPLES—Receipts 108 bbls. Sales choice cooking at $1 75@2 00 per bushel.

ASHES—We are reported sales at the following figures: Common soda, ash 5c; refined, highest, clayed; pearl ash 10@11c; pot ash 10c; nitrate soda 4½@5c; crude do; manganese 6c; black lead 6c.

BEANS—Nothing but small parcels coming in and ready sales, the ruling figures being from 2.00@2 25 ₱ bu.

BROOM CORN—The rolling rates are from 4 to 5c ₱ lb, as to quality.

BEANS—Prime white are worth $2 75@3 00 per bushel.

BANNER BRAND POWDER—5 cans $1 75; 25 lb kegs $3 25; 1 lb cans $7 00; 2 lb cans $3 75; 5 lb cans $8 25.

CHEESE—Receipts 152 boxes. Sales a the following quotations: Ohio Goshen 13@16c; Dairy 12½@13c; Factory 11@12c; Sweitz 11@13c.

CARBON OIL—Sales at 24@26c, with the usual advance on jobbing rates.

CANDLES—Prices are as follows: Star 22@25 ₱ lb; Louisville 23@25c; Rosedale $4 60; Eagle $3 90; Baltimore $3 25; cast iron plaster; $4 00; land plaster $3 50@4 00 per ton.

CANDLES—There is a slight increase in more inquiry, and we are report ed sales at $2 25 ₱ box.

CANDLE—Steamline, full eighth, 16c; 14 ounces, 13½c; star, 14 ounces, 16c; 12 ounces, 15c; full 10 ounces, 14c.

COUNTRY LARD—Market moderately active at 8@9c per pound.

CONCENTRATED LYE—Sales at $8 00 per case.

BACON AND PROVISIONS—Sugar cured ham 16c; sugar cured shoulders 14c; plain shoulders 9c; rib sides 13c; clear rib sides 12c; break fast bacon 15c; clear sides 13c; dried beef 20c. Mess pork $18 @ 18 50; Lard, in tierces 10c; in kegs 11 @ 12c; in bladders 11½c; hams 12@14c; shoulders 9 cents 24 lbs; tierces 9c.

FEATHERS—The following are the store rates: Penn Mills fancy white feather, $8 75; Penn Mills fancy white shoot, in bags, $8 50; in barrels $8 25; mixed do, $8 25.

Rising Sun, $8 00; Minnesota Island, 7d, $8 25 @ 8 50; White goose, in bags, $3 50@4 00; do in bbls, $4 00@4 50; do duck, $0 26.

FEED—There is a slight increased demand, but prices remain the same. We quote as follows: Middlings $1 75@1 80; screenings $1 25; chop sides $1 15@1 20; No 1 timothy hay $2 25; mixed do $1 80; clover do $1 50; bolted corn meal 2c per pound.

GRAIN—The receipts of wheat, corn, oats, rye and barley for the past two days, as reported by the Railroads:

Wheat, sacks	170	Corn, sacks	70
Oats, sacks	1,007	Barley, sacks	37
Rye, sacks	271		

Sales, by car lots, at the following figures: White at 75; amber 82; mixed 56c. Oats—white 46c; mixed 42@43c. Barley—No 1 fall 85c; good to prime, 80@82c for choice.

CHEESE—We do not change our figures and quote as follows:

Sugars—Powdered sugars 13½c; crushed 13½c; Granulated 13½c; A 12¾c; 8 12¾c; extra C 12¼c; Chesapeake extra C 11½c; Knickerbocker extra C 11½c; Delaware extra C 11½c; Knickerbocker extra C 11½c; Delaware extra C 11½c; Knight's extra C 11½c; Delaware extra C 11½c; Knight's yellow 9½c; N O Ile; Demerara 11½c; P R 10 @ 11c; sugar house 8@9c.

Coffee—Fancy Rio coffee 25, strictly prime 24c; prime 23c; good 22½c; fair 21½c; roasted in one pound papers 26c; old Java 30c; Mocha 30c; Rangoon, 8c.

Spices—Grain pepper, 23c; allspice 16c; Cassia 50c; nutmegs $1 10@1 15; cloves 40@45c.

LIME—There is a steady demand for Cleveland white at $2 00 ₱ bbl; Kelley's Island planter in bulk $2 25@2 44 ₱ bbl; Louisville hydraulic cement $2 50@2 75 ₱ bbl.

ONIONS—Sales at $3 50@4 00 ₱ bbl.

POTATOES—Irish are sold at $1 75@2 00 ₱ bbl; Jersey reserve $2 50; Virginia $4 50.

HAY—Sales baled on wharf and track at $20@23 ₱ ton.

LARD OIL—Extra No 1 winter strained, in barrels 75c; in kegs 80c per gallon.

POULTRY—Full-sized young chickens $3 50@3 00 per pair, by coop; old, 75@80c.

RAGS—No 1 white rags is reported at 6c 50 per pound.

VINEGAR—Good cide is quoted at 18c per gal.

TALLOW—Firm at 8@8½c per ₱.

YEAST—Sales at 75@80c ₱ bush as to quality; dairy and grocers from $1 75@2 00.

WHISKY—A fair demand is reported, and highwines are selling in job lots at 90@96c.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,
SATURDAY, September 28, 1872.

REMARKS—The crude market was decidedly firm 10 cents were done during an advance at Parker's and other points. From this it would seem that the bottom had been reached. The asking rates for the various de liveries were: Parkers, $3 30; Oil City, $3 50 per barrel.

REFINED.

Dealers report a firm market, with but few sales being made. We quote for eastern delivery, Philadelphia 23½c; New York delivery, 24c; gallon.

OIL BARRELS.

Market steady; prices unchanged. We quote nominally: City $1 91; country $1 85.

[By Western Union Line.]

TITUSVILLE, September 27.—The *Herald* says: There is a firmer feeling in the market and a slight advance, but buyers are not active, although considerable oil is being taken. We report the sales:

500 bbls upper road, spot	$3 10
1,000 bbls Brady's Bend, spot	3 00
100 bbls, B 10 all year	4 00
1,000 bbls Cherry Run, spot	3 25
1,500 bbls lower road, spot	3 25
500 bbls lower road, spot	3 25

NEW YORK, September 27—Closing the 26th—Crude in bulk irregular and weak, with sellers in the market. Refined is dull and lower. Redined in bbls 24c. Crude in bulk and tankers a trifle lower. We quote at 24c. Cases are in full demand and firm at 37½@38c. Naphtha 12½c. Crude at Titusville. Thin options delivery. Prices of refined are unchanged, but with holders asking 25½c for spot and early.

OIL CITY, September 27.—Market firm and quiet; Oil City nominal at 3 2 c; lower road nominal at 3 25; lower oil 3 40.

ROUSEVILLE, September 27.—Market very much stocked, and trade is resting. Lower road 3 25 bid, which is quoted at about 3 3 25.

PETROLEUM CENTRE, September 27—Market unchanged at 3 50@3 55. There are plen y of buyers but no sellers.

TITUSVILLE, September 27.—Market quiet, dull and unchanged at 3 25@3 30 for lower road.

PHILADELPHIA, September 27.—Market firm. S. W. 25@26c; crude 16c; barrels 24c; refined 28c.

[By Pacific and Atlantic Line.]

OIL CITY, September 27.—Market firm and quiet; Oil City nominal at 3 2 c; lower road at 3 25 bid and 3 40 asked.

FOXBURG, September 27.—Market quiet at 3 25; no oil offered.

ROUSEVILLE, September 27.—Market firmer at 3 30@3 35.

PHILADELPHIA, September 27.—September, 23½c asked; crude 16c.

NEW YORK, September 27.—Market nominal; crude 12c; refined 24c.

Crude Oil Received by A. V. R. R.

Shippers.	Consignees.	Barrels.
Way & Stewart	Sunbeam oil works	70
D. McKeever	Continental works	70
Duncan & Young	Cosmos oil works	80
Duncan & Young	Vesta oil works	80
T P Miller	Vesta oil works	80
T P Miller	Crown City oil works	74
Thos King	Peerless oil works	74

Crude Oil Received by Rail and River.

Sunbeam oil works	256	Cosmos oil works	800
Citizens' Oil Co	80	Vesta oil works	80
Peer oil works	74		
			1,830

Shipments of Refined Oil East via A. V. R. R., W. P. R. R. and P. R. R.

WEST PENN JUNCTION, September 27, 1872.

Citizens' Oil Co, 250 bbls by Wells, Fargo & Co, Philadelphia.

Standard Oil Works, 404 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Wormser, Meyers & Co, 50 bbls to Logan Bros & Co, Philadelphia.

Vesta Oil Works, 100 bbls to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

Bank & Wagner, 325 bbls to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

Citizens' Oil Co, 150 bbls to J R McKee, New York.

Total.....1,767

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE PIG IRON AND BLOOM MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,
SATURDAY, September 28, 1872.

The sales of metal this week are not large, but they were last week, but there has been considerable inquiry, and the indications are that the demand will be more active in the near future than it has been this season. We are reported the following sales:

Bituminous Coal, Smelted from Lake Superior Ore.

500 tons choice red short	$34 00—cash

Connellsville Coke.

300 tons Dunbar No 1 mill	52 50—4 mos
20 tons Dunbar No 1 foundry	54 00—4 mos
20 tons Dunbar No 1 foundry	55 00—4 mos
30 tons Dunbar No 2 foundry	53 00—4 mos

Anthracite.

100 tons No 2 red short mill	37 00—4 mos
60 tons No 1 foundry	55 00—4 mos
40 tons No 1 foundry	55 00—4 mos
20 tons No 1 foundry	55 00—4 mos
30 tons No 2 foundry	53 50—4 mos
20 tons No 2 foundry, charcoal iron	54 00—4 mos
100 tons No 1 or No 2 foundry at furnace	54 00—cash
100 tons No 1 or No 2 foundry at furnace	53 00—4 mos
50 tons No 1 or No 2 foundry at furnace	49 00—4 mos
100 tons gray forge	50 00—4 mos

Charcoal.

70 tons charcoal	50 00—4 mos

Blooms.

100 t ns Juniata	115—cash

Receipts of Blooms, Pig Metal, and Ore.

Following are the receipts of metal for the past twenty four hours:

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, P. R. R. Co.

Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	4	Sly ecberger, H & Co	2
Hastings & Hutchinson, m	1	Rees, Metcalf & Co, o	2
Brown & Co, m	1	J Wood Nees & Co, m	2
Paull & Co, m	2	Isabella Furnace Co, o	2
Rees, Co & Co, m	1	Spang, C & A Co, m	1
Isabella Furnace Co, o	1	Lewis, D & P, m	1
Lewis, B & Co, o	2		
Total			23

WEST PENN RAILROAD.

Cars.		Cars.
Isabella Furnace Co, o	9	Graff, B & Co, m	4
Total			13

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, b	1	Hussey, W & Co, o	2
Lucy Furnace, o	1	Pittsburgh Bell Co, o	2
Spoonberger, B & Co, o	12	J Moorhead, b	7
Total			46

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Cars.		Cars.
J Rosmer, m	2	Mails & E, m	5
J W Ritter, m	3	Caughey & Hainsin, m	8
Total			18

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS R. R.

Cars.		Cars.
Fairs Forge & Iron Co, o	5	Harbaugh, M & Co, o	1
Carnagie, K & Co, o	7	Lomas & Collard, m	1
Total			12

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

Cars.		Cars.
Lewis, O & P, m	1	McKnight, P & Co, o	1
Lewis, B & Co, o	1		
Total			3

IRON MARKETS.

BOSTON

September 25—There is no material change in the iron market here. Prices are quite firm and stocks light.

Monitor furnace failed to sell on the 12th, for lack of bidders. We have not learned the intention of the company respecting the property.

Mr. Wurts has long been known to our furnace of this section as a success ul iron man, and has acquired quite a large among the Kentucky furnaces. He has gone into Southern Georgia and Alabama, and is now erecting a mammoth furnace at Rock's station, Polk county, Ga. at Shannel Furnace, Alabama, is in full operation, and turning out a No 1 article of cold blast iron. The country where Mr. Wurts is, has a very healthy climate. He wants a number of laborers for ore and mining purposes who will receive from 75c to $1 per day. Letters will be replied. Address Wm. Wurts, Prior's Station, Polk county, Georgia, or Stonewall Furnace, Ala.—*Journal.*

CLEVELAND.

September 25.—Pig—The market has exhibited no change during the past week. The demand has been well maintained and prices are firm.

Iron and Nails—The market continues steady and firm, with a fairly active demand. We note no change from late quotations.

Hardware—Dealers report an active trade and a very firm market at unchanged prices.

PIG IRON.

Scotch pig	$18 00@20 00	30 days
Tuscaloosa No 1 Foundry	30 00@31 00	4 mos
Massillon	28 00@	4 mos
Hanging Rock	28 00@	4 mos
Lake Superior charcoal	28 00@30 00	4 mos
Anthracite foundry	26 00@	4 mos
Lake Superior (Ishpeming) coal	26 00@27 00	4 mos
Lake Superior (Ishpeming) charcoal	32 00@33 00	4 mos
Hanging Rock	25 00@26 00	4 mos
Forge	20 00@21 00	4 mos
Mill iron (charcoal)	60 00@	4 mos
Lehigh Valley	28 00@	4 mos

Commercial Bulletin.

NEW YORK.

September 26—American pig iron—The general market for American iron continues quiet, and transactions confined to small parcels for which, when to be had, full prices are readily obtained. Buyers are not disposed to buy for future delivery on about a basis of present values, indicating that prices are not expected to be any lower. We quote: No 1 foundry, Scotch, $29 00@30 00; No 2 do and forge, $28 00@29 00; Hudson river brands may occasionally be got in transaction from the above prices.

South Pig—There is little if anything new to report in the market for southern irons. Stocks here are light and all sellers are firm in their views. Quotations are nominally unchanged.

English pig—Lower; while there is a good export demand, the offerings are liberal, and the market is decidedly quiet. There has been considerable inquiry for future delivery on about a basis of present values, indicating that prices are not expected to be any lower. We quote: No 1 foundry, Clyde, $28 00@29 00; No 2 do, $27 00@28 00; Gartsherrie, $30@31; and Coltness, $30@31.

New York Finance and Trade.

Gold Closed at 113⅛@113¼.

NEW YORK, September 27, 1872—P. M.

MONEY.

Money ruled close at from 7 per cent. gold to 1-16. There were late loans at 5 per cent., but they were exceptional.

STERLING.

Sterling was heavy and lower at 10⅝ for prime and 10⅜ for sight.

GOLD.

Gold opened at 114, declined to 113⅛ (at which point there were apparently large orders to buy), and closed at 113⅜@113⅝, with the bulk of business at the latter figure. Loans were made at from flat to 1-64 for carrying. Clearings were $44,000,000. The Treasury disbursed $10,000.

GOVERNMENTS.

Governments were dull and without feature lower.

U. S. 6s, 1881, cps	115⅝	5-20s, 1867	113⅝@113⅞
5-20s, 1862, full	114@114⅛	5-20s, 1868, cps	113⅛@114
5-20s, 1864	114@114⅛	10-40s	107⅞@108
5-20s, 1865	114⅝@114⅞	Currency sixes	112@112¼
5-20s, 1865, new	113@113½	New 5s 9 cents, b	110¼

STATE BONDS.

State bonds were dull and nominal.

Tennessees, old	72	Missouri 6s	92⅞
Tennessees, new	71	South Carolina, Jan'y	23¾
South Carolinas, April	24		

THE STOCK EXCHANGE

The attendance at the stock board at least in Pacific Mail and Northwest common, both of which rose rapidly in consequence of the settlement of the Mail suit, advancing Pacific Mail on the Saturday sales, which are reported to be largely short. A timely drop is anticipated materially. The improvement in Northwest was due particularly to the letters United Ohio and Mississippi, and the rapid advance in coal stocks. The general list was dull and rather lower, prices in all at last 1@1½ for the most of the day, and, as we have said, to-day's rise was a mere flurry. Indeed, there is no reason why the stock market should not be dull, there being nothing to carry cotton seed. Such a consumation would be exceedingly jolly.

The first half draught steamer C. L. McCormick, Capt. Mct ormick, h s entered the Pittsburgh and Parkersburg packet line. Capt. Mct ormick is a clever fellow, and we take pleasure in recommending her to shippers and passengers. The Superintendent, Mr. Wm. Blackmore, and Mr. Henderson. What they don't know about clerking ain't worth knowing. Mr. Fairman, on the wharfboat, will attend to the agency.

The St. Louis *Democrat*, of Tuesday, says: The barge loads of wheat, while lying at Nelson's dock, broke the bottom boards out, from its weight, and it was necessary to unload it into other barges. The barge with the wheat on board was towed to the bank, and the wheat was then shoveled out. It is the opinion of those who have examined the damage that the wheat will not be injured to any extent. The barge will be repaired and will resume its trip to Pittsburgh.

The Memphis *Avalanche*, of Monday, says: The last bale of cotton received at Memphis for the season of 1872 was brought in from Napoleon, Benton, and Osbeon, with the exception of a few bales which came in from Arkansas, making a total of 450 bales received at Memphis. The season has been a very short one, and the receipts of cotton will not nearly equal those of last year. Such a consumation would be exceedingly jolly.

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The Little Rock *Gazette* of the 20th inst. says the Arkansas river has risen twenty inches at Dardanelle, and was still rising at last report.

The St. Louis *Democrat* says: Wm. Braithwaite, clerk of the Keokuk Packet Company, died suddenly at his residence in that city last Sunday.

DEATH OF A BOATMAN.—Captain William White died in Galena on Sunday. He was a brother of Captain Hugh L. White, and was well known on the rivers. He had adopted the river profession at an early age, and became a thorough boatman.

HOT FOR BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA.—The fine high bluff steamer Governor Wood, Virginia, left on her regular departure this day at 3 P. M. for the above and intermediate ports. For further information call on Capt. S. R. Jefferson, on the wharfboat.

CAPT. F. I. INMAN is building a steamboat, especially for the trade of Messrs. Miller & Reas, of Elk River. Mr. Inman has learned her exact capacity, but understand that she will be able to run at all stages of the river, and, at the same time, accommodate all the trade that can be expected.

THE United States packets on the slackwater leave daily at 8 A. M. and 4 P. M. Both are fine, swift steamers, and were built expressly for the trade, and are in charge of careful and attentive officers. For further information call on the Captain, A. S. Carlile, on the wharfboat.

THE tow boating is from the Memphis *Avalanche*: Packet rates per ton New York to New Orleans are $5 per ton; cotton, $4 for long ton 11 cake, 5c per barrel for rice and 3c per barrel for sugar. Capt. Ben Harris, of the Ed Richardson, is also reported as having made a big thing in packets from here to Napoleon, Benton, and Osbeon, with two trips, carrying 2,800 bales in all. Capt. Harris is a sharp man, and has a good boat, and is a welcome guest at any port he enters. He knows how to carry cotton seed. Such a consumation would be exceedingly jolly.

THE fine tug Bailey, Farrell & Co., Capt. Jas. Farrell, is now at the dredge boats came into no packets used to be two or three years ago. A few left over Kentucky cat's he brought 12½c; but 7 cent loans sell at 6@7, cut Kentucky 10@c.

Shipments—Receipts 4,100 bbls; market 27,000 tbs for this week, or same as last week. Market very slow and much weaker, closing dull. Quoted sales at market: 50 lbs Pennsylvania, at 65c; 2 cars 80 lbs Ohio sheep 58c; 1 car lots of Pa part lambs, at 41c.

Hogs—Receipts 11 cars to-day, and 39,000 thus far this week, against 76,000 same time last week. The market strong; hence toward the close, heavy sell ng at 6@6½c; dressed medium 6½c, and good 7c; 2 cars sold above at 6¾@6¾c.

Albany Live Stock Market.

ALBANY, September 27.—The market opens dull; receipts about the same as last week. Cattle are selling 50c off last week's prices, and continued to decline to 9c off. Hogs ruled firm at 6½@6¾c, being from 6½@6¾c to 7½c. Milch cows very dull, with prices about the same as last week. The supply of sheep is light, with a fair and market dull. Lambs brought from 5c to 6½c; sheep from 4½c to 6½c for coarse wools, and from 6½c to 6¾c for finer.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, September 27.—Thera h s generally ve ked business to-day, but the market is not much changed, prices firm for all cotton goods. Wool flannels are active and firm. Prints are also quiet and firm for good styles. Prints are coming f rward more freely, but agents are still short of the favorite dark styles. Foreign goods are selling only in small assortments. Dress fabrics are active, but ne k ribbons and m shlins are in demand in finer qualities.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, September 27.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat steady and in moderate demand; No 1 Milwaukee $1 27; No 2 do $1 18½. Corn firm and in fa r demand at 36@36½c. Oats dull and unsettled; No 2 at 26½c. Rye steady and in moderate demand; No 1, 85c. Barley scarce and firm; fall No 2, 70c.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, O., September 27.—Wheat quiet and unchanged. Wheat s early and in fair demand; No 1 white Michigan $1 31; amber do $1 28@1 29; No 2 red winter $1 25; seller September $1 45. Corn dull and unchanged; high mixed, 44@c; low mixed 42@c. Oats weak and declining; No 1, 36c; old 28c; No 2, 25@26c. Pork and lard nominal.

General Notice to Grocers!

The Choicest, Largest Stock and Most Varied Assortment of

TEAS,

THE PUREST SPICES,

AND

FINEST BRANDS OF TOBACCOS,

At the LOWEST PRICES to be found in this city, will be on view on and after July 1st, at Warehouse, No. 112 SECOND AVENUE.

Samuel H. Baird.

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL,
FRIDAY, September 27, 1872.

RECEIPTS.

	Cattle. No.	Hogs. No.	Sheep. No.	Hor's. No.	Mules. No.
	head.	head.	head.	head.	head.
Thursday, Sept. 26	2,610	8,000	5,500	4	
Friday, Sept. 27	540	3,500	1,500	41	
Total	3,150	8,500	10,000	90	....

SHIPMENTS.

	Cattle. No.	Hogs. No.	Sheep. No.	Hor's. No.	Mules. No.
	head.	head.	head.	head.	head.
Thursday, Sept. 26	1,050	5,700	7,400	90	....
Friday, Sept. 27	1,350	2,800	400	75	....
Total	2,400	8,500	7,800	165	....

Cattle.

The run of cattle since our last report has been fair, but the greater part are through stock. The market continues dull and dragg y, and winds up bad. Toward the close buyers were even more bearish than at the opening. Some cattle remain in the yards unsold. Prices are to-day off full ⅓c since last week.

PRICES.

The following are the prices current:

Extra 1,400 ₱s steers, fine and smooth, $6 75 to $7 00; prime 1,300 ₱s steers, fine and smooth, $6 25@6 50; prime 1,250 ₱s steers, fine and smooth, $5 50 to $5 75; good 1,100 ₱s steers, fine and smooth, $5 00 to $5 25; good

THE VERY LATEST.

Cambria County

Republican Mass Meeting at Johnstown.

Speeches by Hon. Henry O'Conner and Hon. G. W. Scofield.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

JOHNSTOWN, PA., September 27, 1872.

One of the largest and most enthusiastic Republican meetings ever held in Cambria county was the chief feature in this city this evening. Hon. Daniel J. Morrell, formerly Congressman from this district, acted as President of the meeting. Hon. Henry O'Conner, Attorney General of the State of Iowa, was the first speaker. He told his hearers, a large proportion of whom are Tom. Moore's and Pat Lett. Emmett's countrymen, that it was their duty in the existing political crisis to vote for Grant a gainst Greeley, for Wilson against Gratz Brown, Grant a gainst Greeley, for Wilson against Stapp in Hartranft, and to refuse to touch Buckalew, but to stump for the candidates for Congress, Hon. Glenni W. Scofield one of our candidates for Congress men at large, full well do I know. Fellow Republicans, argument and logical speech. These and if you fail to elect Hartranft on the second Tuesday of October, it shall be no fault on the second Tuesday of October, it shall be no fault of your pluck, duty or energy. The meeting for the evening was furnished by the Johnstown Silver Cornet Band.

LAWRENCE COUNTY.

Old Fashioned Pole Raising.

Finest Country Meeting of the Campaign.

On the afternoon of Thursday, the 26th inst., there was an old fashioned pole raising at Moravia. The meeting was large and quite enthusiastic. All the surrounding townships were represented. The ladies were present in full force, and spread a beautiful supper upon tables expressly prepared for the occasion. A cannon belonging to Battery "B," and served by some old hands, waked the echoes in a manner quite fashionable many, and an excellent drum corps stirred up the patriotic ardor of the friends of the Union and the old flag. Addresses were made by Morgan McComb, Sankey, Jackson and Treadwell. It was conceded on all sides that this was the finest country meeting of the campaign in this county. Lawrence is wide awake.

CITY MATTERS.

Letters Held for Postage September 28, 1872.

	Cents.
Mrs. Trecilla Bair, Pompatawny, Pa.	3
Miss Mollie Everly, Waynesburg, Pa.	3
Hoyt, Wheeler & Bradley, New York, N. Y.	1
Geo. K. Imo, New York	1
Miss Mary Lyons, Michigan City, Ind.	2
M. Major, New York, N. Y.	1
Mrs. Jno. Ferrella City, Pa.	1
Rem. Shoe & Co., Philadelphia	1

JOHN H. STEWART, Postmaster.

ANOTHER SPOKE IN THE WHEEL.

The Ninth Ward, Allegheny, All Right—Enthusiastic Meeting Last Night—Speeches by Hon. J. H. Osmer and Col. W. R. Roberts—The Grand Torchlight Demonstration.

Last evening a very large and enthusiastic Republican meeting was held in front of Hartman's Hotel, in the Ninth ward, Allegheny. Not only the citizens of the ward were on hand, but a large number from the Fifth and Sixth wards, and McCl re township were present, beside the marching clubs.

All the marching clubs of Allegheny, except those of the Seventh and Eighth wards, turned out and attended the meeting. The procession formed on Ohio street, near Beaver, and at eight o'clock moved down Ohio street to Western avenue, down Western to Beaver avenue, and along Beaver avenue to place of meeting. The procession made an excellent appearance and numbered about two thousand men. Mr. W. G. S ubbs was the chief marshal. A carriage containing the speakers headed the procession. The streets were lined with people all along the route, and cheer after cheer rent the air as the procession moved.

When the procession arrived at Hartman's Hote', where a large crowd had already collected, a meeting was organized by electing Mr. A. M. Watson President. The usual number of vice presidents were also appointed.

The President made a few remarks, after which the Allegheny Glee Club sang "Old White Hat," which was received with rapturous applause. Colonel W. K. Roberts was then introduced, and made a short address. He first discussed the tariff question, after which he ref rred to the two Presidential candidates, and reviewed their political history. He closed by stating that Grant had shown himself to have all the necessary qualifications for the Presidential office, and deserved the suffrages of the people. The Glee Club then rendere', with fine effect, "Who will vote for Grant."

Hon. J. H. Osmer, of Franklin, was now introduced, and made an eloquent address. He spoke at length on the issues of the campaign and was frequently applauded. From the present indications he considered that after the 1st of November the opposition would repair to the shades of Chappaqua to console Horace Greeley, L. L. D., which, by interpretation, meant "Late Liberal Democrat."

At the conclusion of Mr. Osmer's remarks the crowd dispersed, after giving three rousing cheers for the State and National ticket.

THE SOLDIERS' CONVENTION.

Unmitigated Mendacity.

There has been a vast deal of misrepresentation and not a little downright falsification indulged in by the opposition speakers and editors in regard to the Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention, which assembled here last week. The leader in this business was Horace Greeley himself, as the whole country already knows. But that he does not stand alone in this disreputable work is apparent from the opinions we quote. Among many like assertions, we reproduce one or two: A correspondent of the New York *Tribune*, who was here to write up the Schurz demonstration, says:

"It surpassed in numbers and enthusiasm anything I had ever seen outside of New York, and when at 9 o'clock, the out door meeting was called to order, a reporter for *The Pittsburgh Commercial* (Republican) announced me that he had never seen a crowd that equaled it, between the Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention held at the same place last week."

We do not know what this imaginative writer may have "seen on side of New York," but this assertion that the "crowd" which received Schurz was not equaled by the Soldiers' Convention, is an absurd lie. It is contradicted by The statement that "a reporter for the Pittsburgh COMMERCIAL" gave him the slightest warrant for writing such a whopper is utterly groundless. A fellow capable of such exaggeration should never be sent outside of New York." The following extract from the Uniontown *Genius of Liberty* is of a piece with the above:

"The Pittsburgh Convention, so far as making votes for Hartranft is concerned, was a failure. Hundreds of soldiers in the procession were for Buckalew, and cheers for Buckalew by soldiers in the procession were frequently given. We have this from the lips of soldiers who were there and heard them."

COMPLIMENTARY.

A Washington, D. C., Soldier Speaks.

Mr. Daniel McMahon, a correspondent of the Washington, D. C., *Chronicle*, concludes a letter in reference to the late Convention, as follows:

"But the one-armed and one-legged, members of the Veteran Club, who were received and introduced to Colonel Holtzheimer, the proprietor of the Continental, are particularly happy in their praises of the cordial welcome and substantial entertainment of their host; and Mrs. Holtzheimer, the fair hostess, as also her charmingly graceful sister, Miss Kerr, are spoken of by the boys as deserving of more praise than language is capable of expressing. On the eve of departure for home the following gentlemen presented to Mrs. Holtzheimer a beautiful work-box, and to Miss Kerr a handsome toilet set to be preserved by them as tokens of the best wishes and grateful remembrance of the donors: Captain E. McMahon, Philip Henry, John Richmond, Henry Bromley, Dr. C. D. Brown, and Captain D. McMahon. The presentation was made in behalf of the boys by Captain McMahon, with appropriate remarks, and was followed by Dr. Brown in an affecting and eloquent speech in German, not known to be affecting and eloquent by the tears which it caused to flow from the eyes of the listeners. The ladies responded in a truly graceful and pathetic manner, and when the affair was over, all were expressive of joy at the meeting and sorrow for departure."

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

To-day Mr. Collins concludes his engagement in Our city. At the matinee he will appear as *Myles Na-coupal*, in that popular Irish drama "The Colleen Bawn," and the evening as *Rory O'More*, in the rollicking drama of that title. The entertainment on each occasion will be pleasingly interspersed with songs and dances, and will be found well worthy of patronage. "Paul Clifford" will also be presented at the evening performance.

Aims's American Theater.

The minstrels, the female torchlight procession, the *corps de ballet*, and the many other attractions presented nightly by manager Aims, continue to draw well. This evening there will be more novelties presented, when an excellent entertainment will be given. Matinee at two o'clock.

Variety Theater.

The artistes at this house are giving decided satisfaction, as manifested by the patronage afforded the establishment. This evening there will be an entire change of programme, when stage director Harry Williams will produce a first-class performance. Attend early if you desire a seat. Remember the matinee this afternoon.

THE Committee of Arrangements for the annual reunion of the officers and employees of the old abandoned Portage Railroad, which consists of, Messrs. Wm. McConnell, Henry Hughes, J. W. Condon, J. E. Sterm and Daniel Christie, have issued printed invitations for the affair, which is to come off at the Summit, above Cresson, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, on next Wednesday, October 2. The company expected to be present numbers many of the prominent citizens in different parts of the State, and a great number from this city have signified their intention to be present. The occasion will, no doubt, be one long to be remembered.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO, September 27.—Cattle—Receipts 2,484. Market very quiet. A few lots of medium to fair shipping steers sold at $4 50@5 12½. Stockers and feeders, $3 75@4 87½. Cows the prices offered, and there are a considerable number unsold in the pens. Shipments 1,206. Hogs—Receipts 16,314. Market dull and lower. A few lots sold early at $4 75@5 10 for good to choice, but at the close $4 50@4 70 was the best offered. The scarcity of cars demands to be increased dullness. Shipments 2,413. Sheep—Receipts 966. Market quiet and weak, with sales at $3 25@4 75 for fair to choice.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, September 27.—Flour firm, treble extra $7 25@7 50; family $8 25@8 50. Corn firm, 90c for yellow and 87½c for mixed. St. Louis steadier. Bran scarce at $1 05. Hay firm at $21@22. Pork firmer at $15 00. Bacon firm at 9½@9½c for clear sides; 12½@12½c for clear ribbed; 13½@13½c for sugar cured hams. Lard dull; tierce 17½@18c; kegs 19c. Sugar dull; fair to fully fair 10½@11½c. Whisky 90c@$1 00. Coffee 18@19c. Molasses dull; prime 58@60c; choice 62@65c; good ordinary 57½c; low middling 55½c; middling 56c.

To the Wives.

Why not induce your husband to stop rent paying and take the same money wasted in that way for one hundred months and apply it to purchasing a homestead at Montrose?

Then, too, if he should not live until all is paid, the life insurance policy which the Improvement Trust Company gives you, covers all unpaid balance on your lots, leaving them unincumbered. On next Monday, if you go the Federal street station of the West Penn R. R. at 8:30 A. M., you can go by a free special train to the sale of lots in this village.

Duquesne Wagon Works.

Since the capacity of these works have been enlarged the proprietors, Messrs. C. Coleman & Son are enabled to fill all orders to the infinite satisfaction of their patrons. The wagons manufactured at this establishment are known and used far and wide, and are unsurpassed by the products of any similar establishment in the country. They turn out city, farm and plantation iron axle and iron axle thimble skein wagon, spring wagons, carts, wheelbarrows, horse, spokes and felloes, at their manufactory, Nos. 16 and 19 (inclusive) Marion avenue, Allegheny.

The Homestead Bank.

If you understand all about the Homestead Bank, you will make it the depository of your savings or invest them in its stock. If you do not understand all about it call at the bank and get the desired information.

Make a Start.

It sometimes happens that persons are unable to pay rent for the house they are living in, and at the same time save sufficient to purchase a house of their own in the usual way. But on the terms adopted by the Improvement Trust Company, any one who can pay rent can buy a house and lot from them. Even if at present your circumstances are such that you do not feel justified in putting up a house, make a start by purchasing the lot and let the house building follow when you feel more able. Read the advertisement of sale at Montrose on Monday next. Such inducements as are offered to purchasers of lots in this village are unequaled. Public improvements, as water works, street grading, and a Town Hall and school house will be erected in the same manner, as soon as a necessity is created for them. Come to the sale and see for yourself what has been done and is still in progress.

Buy Your Clothing

At the Boston One Price House, No. 95 Smithfield street, Howard Block.

[Advertisement.]

Gormley

Is the independent people's candidate for Sheriff. Vote for him if you want an honest and economical administration of the office.

Free Tickets Every Day.

You are invited to go to Montrose any day by the West Penn Railroad, examine the work in progress, and see the laborers excavating for the West Reservoir, digging trenches for the pipes, grading the streets and digging cellars, the stone masons putting up the abutments of bridges, the culverts and cellar walls, the plumbers laying down the pipes, and the carpenters erecting houses.

By calling at the office on Fourth avenue, free tickets will be furnished you, and this beehive of industry, seen through one's own spectacles, will be sufficient evidence that the Improvement Trust Company intended to make an investment in the lots in this beautiful and easily accessible suburban village pay a handsome profit to the purchasers, if it can be accomplished by an enterprising and liberal policy on their part.

Read the advertisement, see the inducements offered, and go to the sale next Monday. It will pay.

Campaign Goods.

Capes, caps and torches, wholesale and retail, at R. H. Palmer's hat house 149 and 151 Wood street.

Orphans' Court Sale.

The sale of lots on the McKee farm, at McKee's Rocks, has been postponed until Saturday, October 5th, at two o'clock P. M. We advise all persons wishing to purchase lots, to attend the sale, as the situation is one of the most eligible around the two rivers. The lots all have the frontage of fifty feet, and run back from one hundred and ninety to two hundred and ten feet in depth. This gives us a good opportunity to build and have a good yard to the side and back of the house. The ground is level, requiring no grading, and is splendidly adapted for building purposes. The sale is by order of the Orphans' Court, to close the estate of the late Mrs. Catharine Guthrie. For terms, &c., see advertisement in another column.

"Square Dealing"

Is the motto at the Boston One Price Clothing House, No. 95 Smithfield street, Howard Block.

Silver Plated Ware.

Ice pitcher sets, tea sets, castors, forks and spoons, at R. E. Breed & Co.'s, 100 Wood street.

The West Penn Railroad.

Since every person, from the millionaire to the laborer, engaged in business in this city, either at present has his house in or contemplates removing to the suburbs, it is an important consideration that the means of travel to and from it shall be pleasant and comfortable. The West Penn Railroad meets both. Under the auspices of the great Pennsylvania Central its roadway is well ballasted, solid, smooth and substantial, and its equipment first-class. Its passenger coaches being built in the most approved modern style, elegantly upholstered, and well ventilated. Its trains are all run at the highest rates of speed consistent with safety, seldom failing to make the regular schedule time, and being under the control of the most efficient officers. Messrs. Ludwick, Hicks, Irwin and Thompson are all that could be looked for as model conductors—gentlemanly, courteous, and accommodating toward the patrons of the road. The opportunity will be offered the public on Monday next to go on this road free by a special train, leaving Federal street station at 8:30 A. M., as far as Montrose, when the Improvement Trust Company will offer for sale the balance of the lots in this new and growing suburb.

To Let.

The best suit of rooms for offices in the city—the rooms formerly occupied by the Mayor, opposite the new Dollar Bank. They have been painted, papered, carpeted and glass in window, &c. C. H. Love, 121 Fourth avenue.

Complete Stock of Furniture.

Our readers will find, at the establishment of Messrs. D. W. Huntsman & Co., Nos. 41 and 43 West Ohio street, West Allegheny, one of the largest and most complete assortments of furniture ever offered in this city. The stock comprises the finest upholstered sets of parlor furniture, fine office desks and chairs, and the cheaper and more economical descriptions of everything in the line. The prices at which all articles are offered will be found, on comparison with those prevailing elsewhere, entirely reasonable, and the lowest that can be obtained.

A Great Want Supplied.

While many good stoves are manufactured and sold in Pittsburgh, the great want of the majority of the people is a good stove at reasonable cost. This desire on the part of our people has been fully met by Messrs. John B. Herron & Co., who have lately introduced a stove called the Million that comes up to the requirements of the house-keeper and yet is sold at a reasonable price. Don't pay an exorbitant price for a stove but call and see the Million before purchasing, at No. 120 Liberty street.

[Advertisement.]

Cast Your Votes for William M. Gormley, the People's Candidate for Sheriff.

William M. Gormley, the people's candidate for Sheriff, is an old citizen of Pittsburgh. His character for honesty is unquestionable, and, when elected, he will bring his best talents to bear in the discharge of his duties.

Pyle's O. K. Soap

Is the best family soap in use. Ladies who once become accustomed to the use of the O. K. Soap, will never use any other. tf

Public Schools.

The highest rates of taxation in the city of Pittsburgh are for school purposes. Many of the wards, especially those in the new districts, are carrying a bonded indebtedness on account of their schools, which will require years of this heavy taxation to liquidate, the debt during the time remaining as a lien upon every foot of property in the ward. At Montrose the Improvement Trust Company will erect a school house and donate it to the village, thus providing the inhabitants with the benefits of a free school in every sense. Take the time on Monday next and be at the Federal Street Station of West Penn Railroad at 8:30 A. M., ready to go by the special train to the sale of lots in this beautiful new suburb. You can then see for yourself what is being done in the way of public improvements.

Mantels.

Marbelized or marble grates and furnaces, the best place to buy is at 193 Liberty street. Call and examine. Jas. Old.

Home Companies.

The sudden and overwhelming collapse of the Andes Insurance Company of Cincinnati has set many leading insurers to considering the matter of insurance and the relative merit of companies. The Ladies was one of the most vigorous and apparently most prosperous of the great companies which have agents scattered over the country, and make a great show of business; and now that it has come to grief, insurers are beginning to think that something more than show is needed to sustain their policies. Home companies accordingly cannot but receive increased patronage, for it is not hard to see that a company which has its office here, which insures all its operations to business at home, and the management of which is daily open to inspection, cannot but be much the safest organization; such a company is the Ben Franklin, of Allegheny, one of the best of our local companies, managed by men whose daily business career attests ability and integrity, transacting only a safe, legitimate business, and having resources available in an amount above its liabilities. The office of this perfectly reliable home company is at No. 16 West Ohio street, Allegheny.

Greeley and Grant Clubs

Supplied with campaign goods, capes, caps and torches, at R. H. Palmer's hat house, 149 and 151 Wood street.

The Teutonia Insurance Company

Of Allegheny, the office of which is at No. 206 Ohio street, is one of the most worthy and reliable institutions of the character hereabouts, and we are glad to learn that it is in an exceedingly healthy and prosperous condition. Its managers are shrewd and careful business men, who guard its affairs with fidelity, so as to afford the largest measure of protection to those they insure. We commend the Teutonia to the fullest confidence of those of our readers who may contemplate taking out a policy against fire, feeling certain that its safety is fully guaranteed by the high character of the business men at the head of it. Henry F. Eggers, the Secretary, will furnish all desired information concerning the company to any who may call at the office for the purpose of ascertaining.

One Price

Only asked—or price only taken, at the Boston One Price Clothing House, No. 95 Smithfield street, Howard Block, and that is the lowest price at which the goods can possibly be sold.

The Cost of Water.

Under very favorable circumstances the cost of digging a well to an ordinary depth, walling it, and putting a pump in will be at least fifty dollars. At Montrose you can make connection with the water pipes, which are laid along the streets, at a cost, with hydrant, of just about one-fifth of that sum. We will be no "water rents" assessed to pay for the construction of these works, which, when completed, will have a capacity sufficient to supply a population of ten thousand people. The Improvement Trust Company invites you to visit Montrose on Monday next and satisfy yourself. Read their advertisement.

Fall Styles

At the Boston One Price Clothing House, No. 95 Smithfield street, Howard Block.

How It Accumulates.

No better illustration of the old adage, "Great oaks from little acorns grow" can be furnished than is afforded by the accumulation of money arising from small weekly or monthly deposits in the savings banks. One dollar and thirty seven cents per day saved will in ten years amount to the sum of six thousand five hundred dollars, enough to place the depositor in comfortable circumstances. The great majority of those employed in our rolling mills and other industrial establishments can rapidly save the amount named from their earnings. How? If you cannot save even this much be careful to place what you can spare in a reliable institution such as the Wylie Avenue Bank, corner of Wylie avenue and Elm street, and in time you will be possessed of a competency.

A Grand Affair.

The wedding of Mr. John F. Scott and Miss Ida M. Kearney, which took place at the residence of Capt. Thos. W. Batchelor, on Thursday evening, was a brilliant affair. Messrs. Heiland, King & Co., the well known nurserymen and florists furnished the tables, mantels, and baskets filled with flowers for the occasion. This firm possesses a considerable reputation in such matters, and are able to successfully compete with all rivals. Bouquets for wedding parties and all flowers be obtained from them by leaving an order at their greenhouse, corner of North and Cedar avenues, Allegheny City.

Our Carriage Manufacturers.

Pittsburghers who take just pride in our manufactures of iron, steel and glass, have no reason to exclude our carriage manufactures, as they are now turning out as fine work as can be obtained in the east. Messrs. Workman & Davis, whose repository is at Nos. 167, 169 and 171 Penn street and factory at Nos. 43 and 45 inclusive Arch street alley, now turn out work superior to the best brought to this city from the east. This firm are fully prepared to make up to order any desired style of vehicle, from the lightest one horse concern to the heaviest carriages made, and at prices a great deal less than they could be bought in the east, or even in this city. We a carriage of any description, to call on this firm and examine the specimens they have finished and on hand. They also attend to the repairing of all kinds of vehicles, and will warrant perfect satisfaction in every case.

Manufacturers Prices

At the Boston One Price Clothing House, No. 95 Smithfield street, Howard Block.

Special Notice.

In answer to numerous enquiries, Dr. Kahn, proprietor of the Museum of Anatomy, now on exhibition at Turner's Hall, begs to inform the public that owing to a pressure of business he will not visit Pittsburgh, but that he may be consulted personally or by letter at his residence, No. 29 Fifth avenue, New York City, from nine A. M. to two P. M., and from five till eight P. M. On Sundays till two only.

Harness, Saddles, etc.

The harness, saddle and trunk store of Thello Krause, No. 415 Penn avenue, has been purchased by Mr. C. Pollman, who will hereafter carry on the business at the old stand. Mr. Pollman solicits the continued patronage of the old customers of the establishment and will endeavor to please all in stock and prices.

Trades Union.

The attention of bricklayers, stone masons, plasters, painters, plumbers, gas fitters, carpenters, machinists, car builders, and every class of mechanics is directed to the advertisement of the Improvement Trust Company, and they are invited to form a Union at the depot of the West Penn Railroad on Fede al street, Allegheny city, at 8:30 on Monday morning, September 30th, and go by the special train to the sale at Montrose, located directly opposite the extensive car shops, machine shops and round house of the Allegheny Valley Railroad, now being built. As the Improvement Trust Company erects houses for the purchasers of its lots payable for in one hundred monthly payments, *without interest*, and as a very few unsold and sixty lots have been already sold, and although only one month has elapsed since the village was first offered to the public, five houses have been commenced. It is apparent that Montrose will afford employment to large numbers of house mechanics. It will cost nothing to examine for yourself. You can then form an idea as to the advantages and prospects.

Card.

SHANON, MERCER CO., PA.
September 28th, 1872.

DR. REICHENBACH, No. 11 Market street, Pittsburgh. *Dear Sir*:—I take pleasure in informing you that under your treatment I am entirely cured of a disagreeable and painful Rupture, and would recommend all so affected to try your system of curing said disease. SAMUEL MCCLELLAN.

[Advertisement.]

Democrats, Republicans, and Liberals

Can all vote for William M. Gormley, the people's candidate for Sheriff.

Caution.

Every genuine box of DR. MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS bears the signature of Fleming Brothers, Pittsburgh, Pa., and their private U. S. stamp. Take no other. The market is full of imitations.

It is the popular verdict that people who have been accustomed to the use of Bitters or Cordials, are obliged eventually to resort to MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS for permanent relief. 8

The Work of Thirty Days.

The first sale of lots in the village of Montrose was on the 26th of August. This marked the commencement. Since then five houses have been placed under contract—one of which is now being roofed and the cellar walls of the others are being built. Over one hundred workmen are engaged on these buildings, and the bridges, water works, street grading and other improvements. Let all who wish a pleasant home in a flourishing neighborhood attend the sale on next Monday. In a very few hundred and sixty lots were sold at the two former sales. This is an indication of the public appreciation of Monitose and insures its rapid growth.

[Advertisement.]

The Election of Wm. M. Gormley

To the office of Sheriff of this county can only result in benefit to every tax-payer in the county.

100 Wood Street

Is the place to buy China and white stoneware of the best and latest styles. R. E. Breed & Co.

Best and Only Family Medicine—Sandford's Liver Invigorator.

A purely vegetable cathartic tonic—for dyspepsia, constipation, debility, sick headache, bilious attacks and all derangements of liver, stomach and bowels. Ask your druggist for it. Beware of imitations. 8

Answer this One Question

If your landlord offered you a deed for the house and lot you now rent from him, provided you agreed to pay him the rental you now do for one hundred months, WOULD YOU REFUSE THE OFFER?

Such are the offers of the Improvement Trust Company. Just one hundred monthly *rental* payments, without any interest, secures you a home at Montrose, your life being insured without additional cost for the balance remaining unpaid at any time. Read the advertisement and attend the sale on next Monday.

[Advertisement.]

Wheeler

You make up your ticket, see that William M. Gormley's name is in for Sheriff—if you want the office conducted with honesty and ability.

To Let.

Second and third story rooms in Wilkins Hall. All newly papered, painted, &c. C. H. Love, 121 Fourth avenue.

MARRIED:

PATTERSON—JONES.—On Thursday evening, September 26, 1872, by Rev. A. D. Clark, at the residence of the bride's father, in Allegheny City, A. C. PATTERSON, Esq., and GEORGIA, daughter of Jerome Jones, Esq.

DIED:

MCKNIGHT.—On Wednesday, September 25th, 1872, JOSEPH MCKNIGHT, in the fifty seventh year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, No. 13 Lincoln avenue, Allegheny City, on SUNDAY, 29th inst., at 2 o'clock.

MCCLELLAND—Departed this life at Zozonia, Pa., on Wednesday, September 25th, 1872, ANNIE EVA, youngest daughter of the late James H. and Elizabeth Black McClelland.

Funeral from residence of the family, No. 216 Penn avenue, on SATURDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock.

CARRIAGES $5. HEARSE $5.

RODY PATTERSON, Jr.,
UNDERTAKER,
117 FOURTH AVENUE.

Coffins and Funeral Furnishing Goods of every description. Terms cash.

Oldest Ins. Co. in America

ASSETS, $8,837,489 83.

Ins. Co. of North America

OF PHILADELPHIA.

Losses adjusted and paid by

WILLIAM L. JONES, 84 Fourth ave.

BREECH LOADING SHOT GUNS,
DOUBLE BARREL SHOT GUNS,
$8 TO $125.

Single Shot Guns, $3 to $8 2-5. Revolvers, $6 to $25. Pistols, 75 cents to $8. Caps, Powder, Shot, Wads, Flasks, Pouches, Gun Material. Guns and Pistols repaired. Call and see our stock, or send stamp for our illustrated Price List. All orders by mail promptly attended to, and goods sent to any point by Express C. O. D.

J. H. JOHNSTON,
179 Smithfield street.

☞ Sign of the Big Gun.

AFFLICTED

Pause and consider whether it is better for your present trouble and future health to use the SAMARITAN'S GIFT, or be gorged with the quack's Balsam Copaiba, which drug is sure to follow a few days' indulgence, and still more disgusting smell. The grand and most important part of the Samaritan's Gift is its certainty of cure in the short time of from two to four days, besides being pleasant to take, having no smell or unpleasant taste and can be used without the knowedge of the most intimate acquaintance. The Gift is the only known remedy that can be depended on.

Male packages $2; female $3. Sent by mail to and address.

JOSEPH FLEMING,
81 Market street, Agent.

RELICIOUS.

THIRD U. P. CHURCH,

PITTSBURGH—There will not be any service in the Third U. P. Church TO-MORROW, on account of the continued illness of the Pastor.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN REMEDY

for the Cure of Scrofulous Taint, Rheumatism, White Swelling, Gout, Goitre, Consumption, Bronchitis, Nervous Debility and all diseases arising from an impure condition of the Blood.

The merits of this valuable preparation are so well known that a passing notice is but necessary to remind the readers of this journal of the necessity of always having a bottle of this medicine among their stock of family necessaries.

Certificates can be presented from many leading Physicians, Ministers, and heads of families throughout the South, todossing it in the highest terms. *The Times-Democrat of Rosadalis.*

DR. R. WILSON CARR, of Baltimore, says "he has used it in cases of Scrofula and other diseases with most satisfaction.

DR. T. C. PUGH of Baltimore, recommends it to all persons suffering with diseased Blood, saying it is superior to any preparation he has ever used.

REV. DARNEY BALL, of the Baltimore M. E. Conference South, says he has been so much benefitted by its use that he cheerfully recommends it to all his friends and acquaintances.

CRAVEN & CO., Druggists, at Gordonsville, Va., say it never failed to give satisfaction.

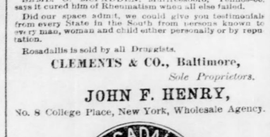
REV. M. G. MCFADDEN, Murfreesboro, Tennessee, says it cured him of Rheumatism when all else failed.

Did our space admit, we could give you testimonials from every State in the Union, persons known in every man, woman and child either personally or by reputation.

Rosadalis is sold by all Druggists.

CLEMENTS & CO., Baltimore,
Sole Proprietors.

JOHN F. HENRY,
No. 8 College Place, New York, Wholesale Agency.



J. G. WEIR,

COACH AND WAGON BUILDER,

CORNER WASHINGTON AND POPLAR STREET

MARBLE MANTELS, MARBLEIZED MANTELS,

FURNITURE AND WASHSTAND TOPS, MONUMENTS, GRAVE STONES, TILE, &c.,

Made by Machinery, Sold Wholesale and Retail.

Sold at the Lowest Prices. For sale at the Pittsburgh Steam Marble Works, 319 and 321 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., by

W. W. WALLACE.

Hersey's Patent Rotary Pump.

This Pump is especially adapted for pumping petroleum oil, crude or refined, and is the cheapest and most simple Pump used. Many of them are in operation at the different oil wells. Will draft 20 feet and force to any height or distance. A month given to try them before payment is required. Send for circulars. Address

HERSEY BROTHERS,
South Boston, Mass.

AUCTION SALES.

A. MCILWAINE, 106 SMITHFIELD STREET.

SALE OF LOTS,

UPON THE

Homestead Plan

IN THE

BOROUGH OF VERONA,

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 1st, 1872.

A HOME UPON EASY TERMS, FOR EVERY MAN WHO DESIRES TO HAVE AN OPPORTUNITY TO LIVE RENT FREE.

THE BRICK MAKERS AND STONE MASONS ARE NOW RAPIDLY PREPARING THE WAY FOR THE ERECTION IN THE BOROUGH OF VERONA, BY THE ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY, OF 150 DWELLING HOUSE, MACHINE SHOPS, CAR SHOPS AND GAS WORKS, ALL OF THE LARGEST DIMENSIONS, AT AN ESTIMATED COST OF $500,000. A FIRST CLASS PUBLIC SCHOOL BUILDING, COSTING UPWARD OF $10,000, IS NOW IN DAILY USE.

THE PROPERTY NOW OFFERED FOR SALE IS NOT INTENDED TO BE HELD AT SPECULATIVE PRICES, BUT IS OFFERED BY AN ORIGINAL OWNER, UPON TERMS TO SUIT EVERY WORKINGMAN WHO DESIRES A CHEAP SUBURBAN HOME. BY FAR THE GREATER PORTION OF THIS PROPERTY IS ALMOST LEVEL, NEAR THE CENTER OF THE BOROUGH, AND WITHIN FIVE MINUTES WALK OF UPPER EDGEWATER STATION. LOTS 25X150.

TERMS—ONE-TENTH CASH.

The remainder in one hundred equal Monthly Payments, without interest.

FREE EXCURSION TRAIN will leave Union Depot at 9:30 P. M.

ISAAC MORLEY,
PROPRIETOR.

A. MCILWAINE, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALES.

L. LEGGATE, 159 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY

CITY AND COUNTRY COMBINED.

Wm. Dilworth, Jr's SALE OF LARGE LOTS ON West End Avenue,

NOW LOCATED.

On Friday, September 27th,

AT 2 O'CLOCK,

Will be sold on the premises, the beautiful property of Mr. William Dilworth, Jr., now divided into Lots of

1-4 TO 2 ACRES EACH,

Situated on the New Brighton Road, henceforth to be known as West End avenue, permanently graded and on Friday last. This is most delightful property, and sure to please any person of good taste and judgment. The five avenues which traverse through these grounds are most valuable to parties who intend building. Being already completed they are ready for immediate use, obviating the usual necessity of waiting for years for the introduction of good roads. Few places can present the same attractions as these grounds. In the midst of a lovely spot, and should be visited by every person inquired of a charming rural home. So much variety prevails that all tastes can be gratified. Now that West End avenue is a fact, the location will be more desirable in the future than even now. Is only two miles from the Allegheny Diamond and half a mile from terminus of Pleasant Valley Railway. If you have the remotest idea of purchasing a piece of ground come to this sale.

TERMS—One-fourth cash, balance in three years. Plans of

A. LEGGATE,

AUCTIONEER,
159 Federal St., Allegheny.

5 ACRE PLOTS

AT

LEETSDALE,

AT AUCTION.

ALEX. M. WATSON, Esq., has divided his "Shields Farm," on the line of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway, into Plots, from 1 to 5 Acres each, and will be sold on the premises,

Monday, Sept. 30, at Noon.

Leetsdale is beautifully situated on the Ohio river, 14 miles by rail from Pittsburgh, is settled by a good community, possesses Churches, Schools, first rate Railway facilities, good Water, fine Views, and generally desirable in every respect. This is a well planned and rare opportunity to all persons who may wish to buy a few Acres. The present owner has held it for a long time, and can afford to sell for whatever price is offered. This is a rare chance. Footsteps. The grounds will please you. Take the 10:23 train from Federal street. Free Tickets both ways at the Depot, and Lunch on the Grounds.

TERMS—One fourth cash, balance in four yearly payments, with interest. Plans of

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer,
159 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY.

JOHN STEWART.....ROBT. H. PATTERSON

Robt. H. Patterson & Co.

LIVERY, SALE

AND

COMMISSION STABLES

Cor. Seventh Avenue and Liberty St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Auction Sale Saturday, 10 O'clock A. M.

B. S. Koll & Co.,

147 WOOD STREET, BET. FIFTH AND SIXTH AVES.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Koll's Patent Improved Wrought and Cast Iron Furnaces,

METROPOLIS.

TTh&S

J. G. WEIR,

COACH AND WAGON BUILDER,

CORNER WASHINGTON AND POPLAR STREET

MARBLE MANTELS, MARBLEIZED MANTELS,

FURNITURE AND WASHSTAND TOPS, MONUMENTS, GRAVE STONES, TILE, &c.,

Made by Machinery, Sold Wholesale and Retail.

Sold at the Lowest Prices. For sale at the Pittsburgh Steam Marble Works, 319 and 321 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., by

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